

THE FAMILY PLANNING SUMMIT FOR SAFER, HEALTHIER AND EMPOWERED FUTURES



Overview

In July 2012, leaders from around the world gathered in London for a watershed event. The London Summit on Family Planning reignited global commitment to women’s fundamental right to decide for themselves whether and when to have children. An ambitious new goal was set—to empower 120 million additional women and girls in the world’s poorest countries to use modern contraception by 2020—and a new partnership and platform was launched: Family Planning 2020 (FP2020).

On 11 July 2017, the five-year anniversary of that inaugural summit, leaders convened in London once again. **The Family Planning Summit for Safer, Healthier and Empowered Futures** brought together FP2020 countries, partners, and stakeholders from around the world to evaluate lessons learned and take collective action to accelerate progress. Co-hosted by the UK Government, the UN Population Fund (UNFPA), and the Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation in close partnership with the FP2020 Secretariat, the Summit aimed to boost progress on one of the best investments governments can make: rights-based family planning programs.

Ensuring women and girls are able to access and use the right contraceptive method at the right time is transformational. It empowers people to shape their own lives, makes families healthier, and helps lift entire countries out of poverty. Over the past five years, thanks to strong leadership by countries and vibrant collaboration across the FP2020 partnership, we’ve made impressive progress toward bringing family planning within reach of all. For the first time in history, more than 300 million women in developing countries¹ are using modern methods of contraception.

But preventing unintended pregnancies remains challenging for too many women and girls. An estimated 214 million women want to prevent or delay pregnancy but are not using contraception. This threatens their ability to build a better future for themselves, their families, and their communities. It’s essential that we act now to close this gap and ensure that family planning is an option for everyone who needs it. That means concentrating on those who have missed out—adolescents, women and girls in humanitarian crises, the marginalized and poorest populations—and ensuring that contraceptive information, services, and supplies reach them where they are.

The need is urgent. There are 1.2 billion adolescents entering or already in their reproductive years, yet most of them don’t have access to comprehensive sexuality education or contraception. What happens in the next few years is critical for their lives and futures and for their countries’ futures. The world is also in the throes of an unprecedented humanitarian crisis, with millions of people—including women and girls in urgent need of reproductive health care—displaced by war, violence, natural disasters, drought, and famine.

The family planning community is ready. Building on decades of effort, we’ve learned an enormous amount in the past five years about what works and what doesn’t and where critical action is needed. FP2020 partners are poised to deploy next-generation solutions in supply chain strengthening, financing, data gathering, and contraceptive

¹ For the purposes of this paper, developing countries refers to FP2020’s 69 focus countries as outlined [here](#).

technology. And countries are leading the way, setting the pace with sharper, more focused commitments to deliver rights-based family planning to all who need and want it.

The moment to reaffirm our commitment to women and girls is now. The FP2020 partnership is more than just a working platform for global development. We are a community dedicated to the rights of women and girls, and we affirm those values with every global gathering and every new commitment. We believe that every woman and girl, no matter where she lives, deserves the chance to grow and thrive, to work and earn, to plan her own family and her own future. The London Summit in 2012 built on 50 years of dedicated work by the global reproductive health sector to bring contraception within reach of women around the world. FP2020 and the family planning community carry that movement forward, following a long bright thread to the future we all believe in.

Themes, Commitments, and Global Goods

The Family Planning Summit was organized around six major themes:

- **Adolescents and Youth**
- **Humanitarian Settings**
- **Contraceptive Method Choice**
- **Supply Chain Strengthening**
- **Financing Solutions**
- **Private Sector Networks**

In the pages that follow, each of these themes is briefly discussed with a summary of the commitments that were made and the “Global Goods” that were announced. (Some commitments fit into more than one thematic category, and some commitments may not fit into any of the categories.)

What’s a Global Good?

Global Goods is our term for a diverse set of group initiatives that are taking place in the reproductive health sector, involving various combinations of governments, donors, organizations, and multilateral agencies. Each Global Good is of vital importance to the family planning community and was highlighted at the Summit.

Total Commitments by Theme

Adolescents and Youth: 44 commitments

Humanitarian Settings: 21 commitments

Contraceptive Method Choice: 30 commitments

Supply Chain Strengthening: 32 commitments

Financing Solutions: 44 commitments

Private Sector Networks: 10 commitments

Adolescents and Youth

The world is at a critical moment that could define the trajectory of the next generation: 1.2 billion adolescents are reaching their reproductive years. The potential of this rising generation is enormous—if they're allowed to fulfil it.

As today's girls grow into tomorrow's women, it's essential that they be able to take control of their own reproductive lives and make their own decisions about whether and when to have children. Family planning is the key to empowering women, and empowered women are the key to solving persistent global problems—from poverty to disease—that affect us all. Yet most adolescent girls in developing countries don't have access to contraception, and some don't even know what it is.

It's time to break the silence on the sexual and reproductive health needs of adolescents. The Family Planning Summit brought together countries, donors, and civil society to shine a spotlight on young people and provide them the tools they need to thrive. Dozens of new commitments at the Summit focused on delivering tailored, rights-based, voluntary family planning programs and services to adolescents and youth in FP2020 countries.

Global Goods

Youth Accountability Framework

Young people are key partners and stakeholders in family planning programs, and they have a critical role to play in holding governments and donors to account for their commitments. The Summit's Youth Advisory Group is comprised of fifteen young people (age 30 and under) who represent global, regional, and country youth-led networks or organizations from fourteen FP2020 countries. The Youth Advisory Group has developed an accountability framework to mobilize young people and youth networks at the country level to advocate for the full implementation of the commitments made by their governments. The framework calls for ensuring that country commitments and policies are responsive to adolescent health needs, mobilizing political and public support for implementation, and strengthening the capacity of youth-led organizations and networks to engage in advocacy and accountability.

Global Adolescent Data Commitment

As governments and the global community increase their response to adolescent needs, we'll require accurate data to inform policies and programs, measure progress, and ensure accountability at the country and global levels. Yet there are critical gaps in how data is gathered and reported that all too often leave adolescents invisible. The family planning community is taking a big step in the right direction with a global pledge to collect, use, and disseminate age- and sex-disaggregated data. By the day of the Summit over 40 organizations had signed the [pledge](#), including UNFPA, UNESCO, the World Health Organization, the Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation, the Children's Investment Fund Foundation, the David and Lucile Packard Foundation, CARE, the International HIV/AIDS Alliance, the International Planned Parenthood Federation, Population Council, Women Deliver, and the governments of Belgium, Canada, Finland, Germany, Luxembourg, Norway, and the UK.

Partnership to Strengthen Country Capacity

Since 2012, an ever-increasing number of FP2020 countries have demonstrated strong political will to prioritize the needs of adolescents in their family planning and sexual and reproductive health (SRH) programs. These bold commitments are a critical step forward. It's necessary to invest now in the technical capacity needed to successfully fulfill those bold commitments and ensure that they are translated into data-driven, actionable plans and evidence-based, scalable programs. That's why multiple donors—private foundations as well as bilateral and

multilateral donors—are coming together to form a new partnership that will amplify the strength of their investments in technical capacity across the adolescent and youth SRH programming continuum.

The partnership represents a new level of strategic investment across a diverse set of donors, as well as a sharper focus on direct support to in-country leadership on adolescent SRH and family planning. The partnership's emphasis will be on collaboration, alignment, and a more efficient allocation of collective resources. The goal will be to help build country-level capacity to plan, implement, and track evidence-based programs that operate at scale and that include the institutional and financial infrastructure for long-term sustainability and enduring impact.

Commitments at a Glance

Forty-four (44) FP2020 partners made new or accelerated commitments* at the Summit toward the sexual and reproductive health needs of adolescents. (*This does not include signatories to the Global Adolescent Data pledge.)

30 FP2020 countries: Bangladesh, Benin, Chad, Cote d'Ivoire, DR Congo, Ethiopia, Ghana, Guinea, Haiti, India, Indonesia, Kenya, Liberia, Madagascar, Malawi, Mali, Mauritania, Mozambique, Myanmar, Nepal, Niger, Nigeria, Pakistan, Senegal, Somalia, Tanzania, Togo, Uganda, Zambia, Zimbabwe

7 Donor countries: Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Iceland,² Netherlands, Norway, UK

2 Civil society organizations: EngenderHealth, Jhpiego

2 Private foundations: Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation, Children's Investment Fund Foundation

3 Private sector entities: Bayer, MTV/Viacom, Vodafone

Humanitarian Settings

More than 32 million women and girls of reproductive age worldwide are in dire need of humanitarian aid. Millions have been forced from their homes by violence and persecution; millions more are fleeing natural disasters, drought, and famine. For women and girls living in refugee camps and crisis zones, family planning is an essential life-saving intervention.

Access to contraception is often overlooked as an emergency relief priority, but in fact the need for family planning services and supplies becomes *more* acute in emergency settings. Women and girls affected by armed conflict and natural disasters are at increased risk of sexual violence and unintended pregnancy. Childbirth is fraught with danger: the rate of maternal death and injury in crisis zones is almost double the world average. Making voluntary contraception available in these settings isn't an option; it's a requirement.

With millions of women and girls living in crisis settings, FP2020 commitments and rights-based principles cannot be fulfilled without deliberate efforts to reach these vulnerable populations. A key goal of the Summit is to ensure that the urgent needs of crisis-affected women and girls are mainstreamed across family planning commitments.

² Iceland's commitment is to the FP/SRHR (family planning and sexual and reproductive health and rights) sector.

Reaching the hardest-to-reach

Isolated populations that are geographically hard-to-reach face some of the same challenges as those who are displaced by conflict or disaster. Emergency preparedness, response, and recovery efforts also strengthen countries' ability to reach these populations during times of stability—and vice versa.

Several FP2020 countries group the “hardest-to-reach” with populations in humanitarian settings, while some FP2020 partners focus primarily or exclusively on geographically remote communities.

Global Goods

Minimum Initial Service Package (MISP)

The Minimum Initial Service Package (MISP) is the international standard for reproductive health care in crisis settings, developed and vetted over the past two decades by the global humanitarian community. The MISP defines a set of life-saving priority activities that are to be implemented at the onset of every humanitarian crisis, with the goal of preventing and managing the consequences of sexual violence, reducing HIV transmission, preventing excess maternal and newborn morbidity and mortality, and planning for comprehensive sexual and reproductive health care as the situation permits.

An updated version of the MISP, with a new specific objective on the prevention of unintended pregnancies, was announced at the Summit. The revised MISP will be launched at the 17th Inter-Agency Working Group for Reproductive Health in Crises (IAWG) annual meeting in Athens, Greece, in November 2017.

Global Roadmap for Improving Data, Monitoring, and Accountability for Family Planning and Sexual and Reproductive Health in Crises

The global community needs to improve our ability to deliver for women and girls in crises, and we need to be held accountable. The Global Roadmap for Improving Data, Monitoring, and Accountability for Family Planning and Sexual and Reproductive Health in Crises will address the lack of information that lies behind the failure to reach these most vulnerable women. This game-changing initiative means that by 2019, we will have more evidence on what methods work in these contexts, and we will be able to gather vital data to enable better outcomes for women and girls.

The roadmap outlines an inclusive process to develop a global data, monitoring, and accountability framework by 2019, and to support the implementation of that framework once developed. The process will include consultation across the humanitarian and development sectors, review of existing data and mechanisms, development of tools and methodologies to use in humanitarian settings, selection of a set of core indicators, and agreement on reporting mechanisms.

Commitments at a Glance

Twenty-one (21) FP2020 partners made new or accelerated commitments at the Summit to deliver life-saving family planning services to women and girls in humanitarian settings and other hardest-to-reach populations.

10 FP2020 countries: Bangladesh, Guinea, Madagascar, Malawi, Myanmar, Nepal, Niger, Nigeria, Somalia, South Sudan

7 Donor countries: Australia, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Iceland,³ Netherlands, UK

4 Civil society organizations: Americares, Blue Ventures, International Rescue Committee, Médecins du Monde

Contraceptive Method Choice

When women and adolescent girls have access to a variety of contraceptives, they are more likely to find a method that meets their needs and preferences. Innovative public-private partnerships can expand method choice by increasing the range of high-quality contraceptives that are available and affordable—including among hard-to-reach and vulnerable populations.

This approach has already proven successful with contraceptive implants: in 2013 a group of FP2020 partners collaborated to make Bayer HealthCare's Jadelle® and MSD's Implanon® and Implanon NXT® available at half-price in the world's poorest countries. At the Summit Shanghai Dahua announced a commitment to offer its Levoplant at a similar price point, demonstrating that the implant market continues to be healthy and sustainable.

Building on these lessons, the family planning community is coming together to introduce and scale a new contraceptive product for the first time in over a decade: Sayana® Press. Efforts are also underway to continue the rollout of contraceptive implants and to expand access to IUDs and other long-acting methods. Non-hormonal methods have an important place as well, and both Cycle Technologies (the makers of CycleBeads®) and the Female Health Company (makers of the FC2 female condom) announced commitments at the Summit as well.

More than two dozen FP2020 countries announced plans to expand the range of contraceptives included in their family planning programs, with the goal of ensuring that a comprehensive mix of methods is available to meet women's needs throughout their reproductive lives.

Global Goods

Sayana® Press Collaboration

Pfizer Inc. and a consortium of donors—including the Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation, the Children's Investment Fund Foundation, the UK Department for International Development (DFID), the United States Agency for International Development (USAID), and UNFPA—have launched a public-private collaboration to broaden access to Sayana Press, Pfizer's innovative injectable contraceptive.

Sayana Press is a three-month contraceptive in the all-in-one, single-use Uniject™ injection system developed by PATH and manufactured by Becton, Dickinson & Company. Sayana Press contains a reformulation of depo medroxyprogesterone acetate that allows it to be administered subcutaneously (subQ). The product's design means that community health workers, pharmacists, and even women themselves can be trained to administer it (where approved by national health authorities). Sayana Press is available to qualified purchasers at a guaranteed price of US \$0.85 per dose, a reduction from the previous price of US \$1.00 per dose.

³ Iceland's commitment is to the FP/SRHR (family planning and sexual and reproductive health and rights) sector.

Sayana Press is currently being introduced, scaled-up, or piloted in more than 15 FP2020 countries, with Pfizer continuing to support additional country registrations. The donor consortium is supporting the collaboration with over US \$270 million in investments between now and 2022.

Commitments at a Glance

Thirty (30) FP2020 partners made new or accelerated commitments at the Summit to expand the range of contraceptives available.

19 FP2020 countries: Bangladesh, Benin, Chad, DR Congo, Ghana, Haiti, India, Indonesia, Madagascar, Malawi, Nepal, Nigeria, Pakistan, Sierra Leone, Somalia, Tanzania, Uganda, Zambia, Zimbabwe

1 Donor country: UK

3 Civil society organizations: EngenderHealth, Jhpiego, PATH

2 Private foundations: Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation, Children's Investment Fund Foundation

5 Private sector entities: Cycle Technologies, Female Health Company, Mylan, Pfizer, Shanghai Dahua

Supply Chain Strengthening

Delivering contraceptives to millions of users requires complex family planning supply chains that operate efficiently and effectively. Routine monitoring, reporting, and effective supply chain decision-making demand near-real-time information about inventory, shipments, and financials. This visibility is also critical for identifying and implementing strategic approaches to supply chain design, financing, governance, and human resources.

The family planning community has decades of experience in strengthening commodity systems and promoting supply chain visibility. Over the past five years, investments by FP2020 partners in innovative solutions and technology have demonstrated how more frequent and complete data can support better decision making. The FP2020 community is now preparing to take the next significant steps for true end-to-end supply chain visibility.

In addition to data visibility initiatives, FP2020 countries and partners are also investing in logistics systems, procurement, inventory management, supply chain design, commodity security, and last mile delivery.

Global Goods

Global Visibility Analytics Network (VAN)

A supply chain Visibility Analytics Network (VAN) is a shared platform to capture and use supply chain data from multiple sources to provide enhanced visibility for short- and long-term decision making. The Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation is contributing seed money to design and pilot a global VAN for reproductive health commodities, which will enable the community of countries and partners to collaborate virtually on forecasted inventory needs and track progress against those forecasts. The global VAN will streamline access to in-country data and reduce parallel data flows while also capturing data from manufacturers, procurers, and freight forwarders. The

Reproductive Health Supplies Coalition (RHSC) has agreed to host the global VAN and manage its implementation, while USAID and UNFPA are providing essential human resource to design, test, and use the platform.

In-country VANs

While the global VAN will support improved upstream management of contraceptive supply to country programs, in-country VANs will support better supply chain decisions at the country level. The two function as pylons supporting a bridge of end-to-end visibility and decision-making, from product source to use. A number of FP2020 countries are planning to roll out or increase investment in logistics management information systems (LMIS), which, along with training of country staff and clear accountability and ownership, form the foundation of sustainable in-country VANs. This will result in real-time supply chain visibility and enable data-driven decisions to keep stock on the shelves in sustainable, efficient ways.

Adoption of Global Data Standards (GS1)

The adoption of global standards for product identification and for the capture and exchange of supply chain data is a key enabler of the global and in-country VANs. More widely, standards-driven interoperability between different information systems is critical to facilitate coordination between the various supply chain systems that provide family planning commodities. Data standards also help to ensure patient safety (through product traceability from manufacture to use) and lower supply chain costs (through driving efficiencies). USAID and UNFPA have worked over the past year with contraceptive manufacturers to develop a roadmap and timeline for the adoption of GS1 standards (the leading standards in the healthcare industry) in labeling contraceptive products.

Commitments at a Glance

Thirty-two (32) FP2020 partners made new or accelerated commitments at the Summit to strengthen contraceptive supply chains.

29 FP2020 countries: Bangladesh, Benin, Burkina Faso, Chad, Cote d'Ivoire, Ethiopia, Ghana, Guinea, India, Indonesia, Kenya, Liberia, Madagascar, Malawi, Mali, Mauritania, Mozambique, Myanmar, Nepal, Nigeria, Pakistan, Philippines, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Somalia, South Sudan, Togo, Uganda, Zimbabwe

1 Donor country: UK

1 Civil society organization: EngenderHealth

1 Private foundation: Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation

Financing Solutions

Mobilizing sustainable resources for family planning programs is a critical area of work for the FP2020 community. Countries, donors, and partners are exploring new financing models to support existing programs and underwrite new initiatives.

FP2020 countries are leading the way with larger domestic budget allocations and innovative approaches to developing new funding streams. Several countries are investigating possibilities for greater private sector involvement in program funding, commodity sourcing, and delivery channels. The Global Financing Facility is an

important new mechanism to expand funding for family planning, and countries are continuing to explore its potential.

Donor countries are also investing in innovative approaches to financing family planning, as well as increasing their commitments to existing mechanisms. And the family planning community is coming together to solve a major stumbling block in the financing of contraceptive commodities.

Global Goods

Bridge Funding Mechanism for UNFPA Supplies

As the world's largest provider of contraceptives, UNFPA Supplies is committed to providing countries with the family planning commodities they need as efficiently as possible. One of the major challenges UNFPA Supplies faces is the mismatch between the timing of donor funding and country requests for commodities. This misalignment means that it often has to hold off from making contraceptive orders until donor funding arrives, resulting in delayed orders and ultimately shortages and stock-outs at the community level.

That's why UNFPA Supplies is working with the Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation and DFID to develop a Bridge Funding Mechanism. The proposed Bridge Funding Mechanism would provide a revolving pool of financing of up to \$80 million that UNFPA Supplies can use to place commodity orders to meet country needs. The pool would be replenished when committed donor funding is disbursed later in the year.

The Bridge Funding Mechanism is expected to speed up the procurement process, lower the cost of commodities, and ultimately reduce up to 50 per cent of UNFPA-related commodity stock-outs—delivering better results for countries, donors, and the women and families they serve.

Pathways to Sustainable Domestic Financing for Family Planning/SRHR

DFID, Global Affairs Canada, and the Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation will collectively invest \$90 million in mechanisms that enable sustainable domestic financing for family planning. DFID and Global Affairs Canada will invest through the Global Financing Facility (GFF)—a country-driven financing partnership that provides smart, scaled, and sustainable financing—to accelerate efforts to achieve sexual and reproductive health outcomes including family planning. The Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation, also an investor in the GFF, will contribute additional, complementary financing to support technical assistance in countries to expand the impact of the DFID and Global Affairs Canada investments.

Commitments at a Glance

Forty-four (44) FP2020 partners made new or accelerated commitments at the Summit to identify, develop, and strengthen financing solutions for family planning services and supplies.

31 FP2020 countries: Bangladesh, Benin, Burkina Faso, Chad, Cote d'Ivoire, DR Congo, Ethiopia, Ghana, Guinea, Haiti, India, Indonesia, Kenya, Madagascar, Malawi, Mali, Mauritania, Nepal, Niger, Nigeria, Pakistan, Senegal, Philippines, Sierra Leone, Somalia, South Sudan, Tanzania, Togo, Uganda, Zambia, Zimbabwe

12 Donor countries: Australia, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, European Commission, Finland, France, Iceland⁴, Netherlands, Norway, Sweden, UK

⁴ Iceland's commitment is to the FP/SRHR (family planning and sexual and reproductive health and rights) sector.

Private Sector Networks

Leveraging private sector networks to deliver family planning services and information represents a bold new approach to meeting the health needs of women and girls. Companies that have not traditionally been involved in health or family planning nevertheless have a significant role to play in the FP2020 movement: as experts in logistics and marketing, as makers of popular products and services, and as the employers of millions of women.

Sectors such as apparel, toys, electronics, shoes, and agriculture, which predominantly employ women, have the ability to reach tens of millions of women through workplace health programs. An estimated 60 to 75 million people, three quarters of whom are women, are employed in the textile, clothing, and footwear sectors alone. Moving such workplace programs to the mainstream could expand family planning access for millions of additional users.

Ten pioneering companies from outside the traditionally engaged health and pharmaceutical industries announced commitments at the Summit, illustrating the large-scale power of the private sector to use their networks, assets, and expertise—from supply chains to microfinance networks to media channels—to reach millions of women and girls:

Lindex, the Swedish fashion chain with 480 stores throughout 17 markets, has launched a three-year program worth EUR 430,000 to provide technical, financial, and health training, including family planning, to 83,500 workers (including more than 50,000 women) in their supply chain in Bangladesh.

Similarly, **NST**, a Philippines-based apparel supplier for global brands such as Ann Taylor, Ralph Lauren, and J. Crew, together with its subsidiaries, Hamlin and Reliance Producers Cooperative, announced its commitment to reach 6,000 employees—4,500 of whom are women—with family planning information and services.

Twinings, the international tea company, is expanding its current women’s health program, which includes family planning, from 6,000 to 40,000 women workers and farmers (representing 60 percent of their supply chain in Kenya) by 2020.

CARD-MRI, the largest micro finance institute in the Philippines, will use its significant micro-finance network to reach at least 4 million women with reproductive health and family planning information and services by 2020, a commitment valued at US \$2.1 million.

The **MTV Staying Alive Foundation**, in partnership with **Viacom International Media Networks**, plans to launch groundbreaking media campaigns addressing youth sexual health—tied to the hugely popular “Shuga” television show—in Nigeria, Egypt, and India, reaching 224 million young people by 2020.

Vodafone Foundation announced US\$1 million in support of the Adolescents 360 program in Tanzania, partnering with Population Services International (PSI) in collaboration with the Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation and the Children’s Investment Fund Foundation. Through its mobile platform, the Vodafone Foundation will help identify where services are needed and reach over 15,000 adolescents to connect with 150 youth-identified friendly providers.

Deploying their global reach and expertise, **Reckitt Benckiser** and its Durex brand will share the findings and data from their 4th Global Sex Survey—the largest and most comprehensive global attitudinal survey on social and cultural sex mores, covering all ages across 41 countries (including FP2020 countries India, Indonesia, Kenya, Nigeria, and South Africa)—to help governments and health institutions reduce sexual violence, unwanted pregnancies, and sexually transmitted infections.

In collaboration with the Government of Nepal, the **Chaudhary Foundation**, the philanthropic wing of CG Corp Global, will support efforts to increase family planning uptake, strengthen supply chain management for family planning and other health commodities, and expand the use of an adolescent SRH mobile phone app.

The **Tata Trusts** will invest approximately \$10 million by 2019 to provide access to reproductive, maternal, newborn, child, and adolescent health services, including family planning, which they consider an integral component of women’s health and empowerment and their inalienable right.

Spark Minda, a leading Indian automobile manufacturer, aims to reach approximately 3,000 women from lower socio-economic strata and rural areas in the states of Uttar Pradesh, Maharashtra, Tamil Nadu, and Uttarakhand with education about family planning, reproductive health, and menstrual hygiene.

Commitments at a Glance

Ten (10) FP2020 partners from outside the traditionally engaged health and pharmaceutical industries made new commitments at the Summit to leverage their private sector networks, assets, and expertise in support of family planning services and information.

10 Private sector entities: CARD-MRI, Chaudhary Foundation, Lindex, MTV/Viacom, NST, Reckitt Benckiser, Spark Minda, Tata Trusts, Twinings, Vodafone

For More Information

Please visit the Family Planning Summit 2017 website at www.familyplanning2020.org/summit2017 to learn more about commitments, Global Goods, and other updates from the Summit.

