The Government of the Philippines updated its commitment at the Family Planning Summit in London, UK on July 11, 2017. The following is a summary (a full update will be provided soon):

The Philippines will establish a national policy on RH and population development, and allocate funds to implement the policy. The Responsible Parenthood and Reproductive Health Act of 2012 was signed into law in December 2012, and was fully implemented in April 2014 following a Supreme Court decision on its constitutionality. A Temporary Restraining Order (TRO) on the registration and/or certification of contraceptives, and the procuring, selling, distributing, dispensing or administering, advertising, and promoting of contraceptive implants issued by the Supreme Court has significantly affected the implementation of activities targeting Zero Unmet Needs. An Executive Order issued by President Rodrigo Roa Duterte early in 2017 aims to mitigate the effects of the TRO. Department of Health issued an Administrative Order on guidelines for achieving desired family size in 2017. As of 2017, the Philippines commits to $78 million for commodities, demand generation activities, contraceptive security, policy development, advocacy and mitigation of TRO and partnerships with CSOs and private groups. The Philippines commits to provide family planning services to poor families with zero co-payment, and to upgrading public health facilities and increase the number of health services providers who can provide reproductive health information. The Philippines will work with partners to provide information and training.

The following text summarizes the commitment made on behalf of the Government of the Philippines at the London Summit on Family Planning on July 11, 2012.

The Philippines has long believed that access to family planning information, services and supplies is a fundamental and essential right that is key to inclusive growth and sustainable development. The government is working to establish a national policy on reproductive health and population development, and to allocate funds to implement this vital policy. The Philippines will commit $15 million in 2012 for the purchase of family planning commodities for poor women with an unmet need. Family planning services will be provided to poor families with zero co-payment. In addition, the government will be upgrading public health facilities and increasing the number of health service providers who can provide reproductive health information. We are also intensifying efforts with partners who can help give women the information and counseling they need.

POLICY & POLITICAL COMMITMENTS
The Philippines will establish a national policy on RH and population development, and allocate funds to implement policy. The Responsible Parenthood and Reproductive Health Act of 2012 was recently signed into law in December 2012, but has not yet been implemented (decision is pending from the Supreme Court).

FINANCIAL COMMITMENTS
The Philippines commits $15 million in 2012 for FP commodities for poor women with unmet need.

PROGRAM & SERVICE DELIVERY COMMITMENTS
The Philippines commits to provide FP services to poor families with zero co-payment, and to upgrading public health facilities and increase the number of health services providers who can provide RH information. The Philippines will work with partners to provide information and training.